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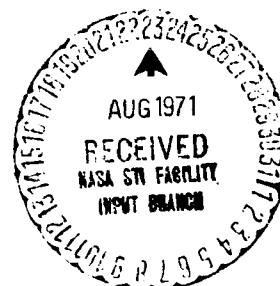
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## A METHOD FOR EVALUATING MODEL PARAMETERS BY NUMERICAL INVERSION

By

Gary A. Ethridge

April 1971



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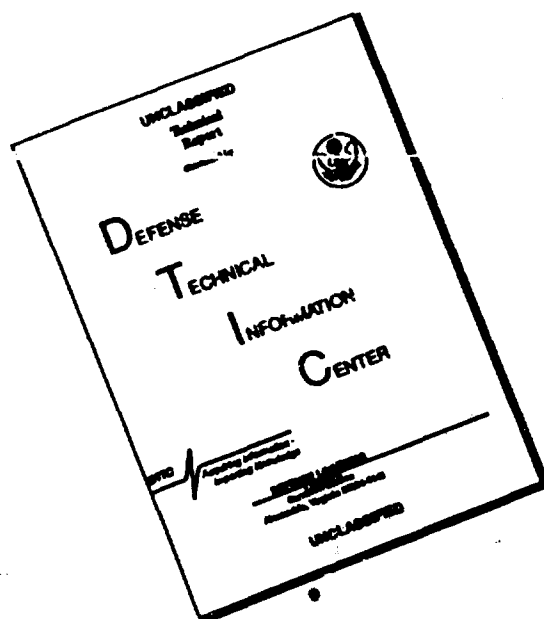
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## ABSTRACT

A technique for the determination of parameter values in the equations modeling a physical system is described which uses a variation of the differential equations curve-fitting technique and field data. Analytical closed-form solutions are not required, and a digital computer program exists for the mathematical solution to the equations of the model. Specific examples in atmospheric diffusion and a missile ballistic model show how to recover diffusion parameters and aerodynamic coefficients using field data and the computer numerical solution to the mathematical model.

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## INTRODUCTION

The solution to a mathematical theory may take a variety of forms including solutions which can be described in closed form or numerical solutions which require a complex digital computer program if closed form solutions cannot be derived. Regardless of the type of solution obtained, there are usually a number of unknowns or crudely estimated physical parameter values. In any case, some method of finding the set of parameter values is needed such that the model results will "best" fit observation. One technique for finding these "best" values is least-squares curve fitting. Closed form solutions can be fitted by one of several methods to give the best fit to the data by the least-squares criterion. Unlike the closed form type of solution, complex numerical solutions are not easily adapted to least-squares curve fitting.

In theory it should be possible to invert the model and use the data to evaluate the unknown parameter values. One simple method might be to run the computer program using different input parameters, observing the variation in the output so as to make a subjective estimate of the best values. Repeated trials could narrow down the range of values, but the expenditure of individual effort and costly computer time would be undesirable for other than the simplest models.

This report describes a technique which determines the "best" parameter values, in a least-squares sense, for a computer simulation of a complex physical process by using the program, field data, and a variation of the differential corrections least-squares curve-fitting method.

## THEORY

Suppose that a model of an observed natural phenomenon exists and that to be able to rely fully upon the results that the model can supply, several parameters require numerical estimates. One way to determine the best values for these empirical constants is to take data of the physical process, invert the model solution, and solve for the unknown parameters. Where complications arise in the execution of this method, least-squares curve fitting can be used to recover the parameter values which give the "best" estimates in a least-squares sense.

With data in the form  $(x_i, y_i)$ ,  $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, N$ , one selects a model, i.e., a function  $F(x; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M)$  of  $x$  and  $M$  undetermined parameters  $a_j$ ,  $j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, M$  such that  $F(x_i; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M)$  will best fit the data points  $y_i$ ,  $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, N$ . The "best" set of values for the  $a_j$ ,  $j = 1, 2, \dots, M$ , in a least-squares sense will be found when

the sum of the squares of the differences in the functional evaluation at  $x_i$  and  $y_i$  is a minimum over all the data points  $(x_i, y_i)$ ,  $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, N$ . That is

$$\sum_{i=1}^N [F(x_i; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M) - y_i]^2$$

is a minimum. Most methods of least-squares curve fitting will specify the form of  $F$  which is to be used as the model. The curve-fitting technique of differential corrections [1-3] requires no special form for the model function  $F(x_i; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M)$ . Restrictions on the properties of  $F$  are:

- 1)  $F$  must be a single-valued function of  $x$  and of the  $M$  parameters  $a_j$ .
- 2)  $F$  must be differentiable with respect to the  $M$  parameters  $a_j$ .

because differential corrections technique does not specify the form of the function  $F$  to be used,  $F$  may assume the form of a sequence of operations in a digital computer program. Most computer numerical solutions to equations describing a physical process behave as functions in that there exists an independent variable, say  $x$ , such that the numerical solution given by the digital computer program can be regarded as a single-valued function of  $x$ , and the dependent variable(s) will usually be differentiable in one or more model parameters. It should then be possible to use a computer program as a function  $F$  in such a way that the methods of least-squares curve fitting can be applied to  $F$ . This report describes a method of accomplishing this, saving the excessive labor and costly computer time involved in a trial-and-error approach.

The method of differential corrections and its application to the least-squares curve fitting of a computerized mathematical model solution will be discussed below.

Given the set of data points  $(x_i, y_i)$   $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, N$ , let the difference between the function value  $F(x_i; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M)$  and the data point  $y_i$  be called the residual  $v_i$  where

$$v_i = F(x_i; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M) - y_i. \quad (1)$$

A best fit by the least-squares criterion will be obtained when the undetermined values  $a_j$ ,  $j = 1, 2, \dots, M$ , give a minimum for

$$\sum_{i=1}^N v_i^2.$$

The values for the  $a_i$ 's can be found by the solution of the following set of simultaneous equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial a_1} \sum_{i=1}^N v_i^2 &= 0, \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial a_2} \sum_{i=1}^N v_i^2 &= 0, \quad \dots, \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial a_M} \sum_{i=1}^N v_i^2 &= 0. \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

When  $F$  is represented by a digital computer program, the equations cannot be solved directly, and an iterative scheme must be used.

Let  $a_j = a_j^0 + \Delta a_j$  where the superscript 0 refers to first approximations so that the  $\Delta a_j$ 's are the corrections needed to force  $\sum v_i^2$  to a minimum. Writing equation (1) with  $F(x; a_1^0 + \Delta a_1, a_2^0 + \Delta a_2, \dots, a_M^0 + \Delta a_M)$  expanded in a Taylor series, we have

$$\begin{aligned} v_i &= F(x_i; a_1^0, a_2^0, \dots, a_M^0) + \Delta a_1 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_1^0} + \Delta a_2 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_2^0} \\ &+ \Delta a_3 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_3^0} + \dots + \Delta a_M \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_M^0} - y_i + (\text{higher order terms}). \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

Assuming a sufficiently close estimate on the initial approximations  $a_j^0$ , the higher order terms will be neglected. Defining  $R_i$  as the residual  $R_i = y_i - F_i^0$  where  $F_i^0 = F(x_i; a_1^0, a_2^0, \dots, a_M^0)$  equation (3) can be written

$$v_i = \Delta a_1 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_1^0} + \Delta a_2 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_2^0} + \Delta a_3 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_3^0} + \dots + \Delta a_M \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_M^0} - R_i. \quad (4)$$

The system of equations (2) which are to be solved give for the  $\Delta a_i$  equation

$$\sum_i \left( \Delta a_i \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_i^0} + \Delta a_2 \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_2^0} + \dots + \Delta a_M \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_M^0} - R_i \right) \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_j^0} = 0.$$

Letting

$$A_{j,k} = \sum_i \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_j^0} \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_k^0}$$

and

$$B_j = \sum_i R_i \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_j^0},$$

we have the algebraic system of simultaneous equations (2) written in matrix form

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{13} & \dots & A_{1M} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{23} & \dots & A_{2M} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ A_{M1} & A_{M2} & A_{M3} & \dots & A_{MM} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \Delta a_1 \\ \Delta a_2 \\ \vdots \\ \Delta a_M \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_M \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

Since  $A_{j,k} = A_{k,j}$ , the matrix system above is symmetric allowing only the evaluation of the upper triangle and making use of the square-root method for solving symmetric systems of simultaneous equations [1,4,5].

Having obtained the corrections  $\Delta a_j$ ,  $j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, M$ , they either satisfy the least-squares requirement when added to  $a_j^0$ , giving the  $a_j = a_j^0 + \Delta a_j$ , or the newly formed  $a_j$ 's give a new set of first approximations say  $b_j$ , and a new set of corrections  $\Delta b_j$  is evaluated. Convergence for the method may be said to have been reached when no significant change in the set of model parameters  $a_j$ ,  $j = 1, 2, \dots, M$  is exhibited; that is, when

$$\sum_{j=1}^M \Delta a_j^2 \leq \epsilon,$$

for  $\epsilon > 0$ , results from cycle to cycle.

To apply the method of differential corrections curve fitting to a computerized numerical solution, one must use a numerical approximation for each of the required partial derivatives

$$\frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_j^0}$$

as defined above. Use is made of a seven-point numerical formula described below [6].

Given discrete points  $(a_i, F_i)$  of a tabulated function  $F_i = F(a_i)$  for  $i = -J, -(J-1), \dots, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots, J$  for equispaced points  $a_i$  with  $a_{i+1} - a_i = h$ , the first derivative

$$\frac{dF}{da} = F'$$

evaluated at  $a_0$  is given as follows:

$$F'_0 = \frac{1}{2h} [F_1 - F_{-1} - \frac{1}{6}(\delta^2 F_1 - \delta^2 F_{-1}) + \frac{1}{30}(\delta^4 F_1 - \delta^4 F_{-1})]$$

with  $\delta F_i = F_{i+1/2} - F_{i-1/2}$ . This gives the formula

$$\begin{aligned} F'_0 = & [F_1 - F_{-1} - 1/6(F_2 - 2F_1 + 2F_{-1} - F_{-2}) \\ & + \frac{1}{30}(F_3 - F_2 - 3(F_2 - F_1) + 3(F_1 - F_0) - F_0 + F_{-1}) \\ & - \frac{1}{30}(F_1 - F_0 - 3(F_0 - F_{-1}) + 3(F_{-1} - F_{-2}) - F_{-2} + F_{-3})]. \end{aligned}$$

Use of this algorithm gives the required partial derivatives for the differential corrections method described above. However, one may improve on the evaluation of partial derivatives in the event that one or more of the model parameters  $a_j$  are used in a subfunction  $f$  of the numerical routine. When these individual functions  $f$  (i.e., one of the governing equations in the mathematical formulation of the problem) can be defined, it is recommended that the chain rule for calculating derivatives be used. Letting  $F$  be the main program solution and  $f$  an intermediate solution, a subprogram, or the like, then

$$\frac{\partial F_i}{\partial a_j} = \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial f} \frac{\partial f}{\partial a_j}.$$

This rule can provide better convergence in the routine described above.

## EXAMPLES

### Atmospheric Diffusion

An atmospheric diffusion model for the prediction of contaminant concentrations in the atmosphere will be treated with the curve-fitting technique previously described. The concentration  $C$  is a function of downwind travel distance  $x$  and several atmospheric parameters, together with empirically determined constants. The mathematical theory used is based upon the application of the similarity theory [7,8] of the surface boundary layer as related to diffusion in the atmosphere [9].

The concentration function  $C(x; a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4)$  is given by

$$C = \frac{QK}{L^2 u_*} \frac{1}{\zeta^2 (f(\zeta) - f(\zeta_0))}$$

where

$$\frac{dx}{d\tau} = \frac{u_*}{k} (f(\zeta) - f(\zeta_0)),$$

$$\frac{d\zeta}{d\tau} = b u_* \vartheta(\zeta),$$

$$\vartheta(\zeta) = \left(1 - \left(\frac{df}{d\zeta}\right)^{-1}\right)^{1/4},$$

$$f(\zeta) = \ln(\zeta/\zeta_0) + B(\zeta - \zeta_0)$$

where the symbols are defined as follows:

$Q$  = source strength

$L$  = atmospheric parameter

$u_*$  = atmospheric parameter

$k$  = Kármán's constant

$b$  = empirical constant

$B$  = empirical constant

$x$  = downwind travel distance of substance

$$\tau = \frac{x}{U}$$

$z$  = vertical height coordinate

$t$  = time.

These representative equations for modeling atmospheric diffusion using similarity theory have been solved numerically using a digital computer. The curve-fitting technique previously described will be tested by evaluating the empirical constants  $c$  and  $\beta$ , and also by inserting into the  $\theta$  function two parameters to be fitted,  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$ , given by

$$\theta(\zeta) = (\alpha_1 - \left[ \frac{df}{d\zeta} \right]^{-1}) \alpha_2.$$

Original specifications for the  $\alpha$ 's are  $\alpha_1 = 1$  and  $\alpha_2 = 1/4$ .

For this example, a test case was developed by specifying  $c$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\alpha_1$ , and  $\alpha_2$  to generate a sample data deck. Then, approximations to  $c$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\alpha_1$ , and  $\alpha_2$  are given, and by using the data the original parameters will be recovered.

First only  $c$  and  $\beta$  are evaluated as shown in Table I-A. Then  $c$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\alpha_1$ , and  $\alpha_2$  are evaluated together as given in Table I-B. The results of the test case show how model parameters for atmospheric diffusion theories can be evaluated using field data and the curve-fitting technique described herein.

#### A Ballistic Missile

The curve-fitting technique was applied to the problem of determining the drag coefficient of a ballistic missile using radar position data of the missile during flight [1]. To use the data in a curve fit of the type described, an accurate realistic model of the trajectory during all phases of the missile's performance is required.

The ballistic model selected is a five-degree-of-freedom ballistic missile trajectory and impact prediction digital computer program, TRAJ [10], used for missile flight safety at White Sands Missile Range, and also utilized in studies of meteorological effects on a ballistic missile by the Atmospheric Sciences Laboratory. Only the three position coordinates relative to the launcher will be used in the test case. Hence,  $X$ ,  $Y$ ,  $Z$  are the dependent variables\*, and Mach number,  $m$ ,

---

\* Differential corrections method applied to a vector-valued function is described in Appendix A.

TABLE 1-4

TABLE 1-4: PLS ESTIMATES

PLS ESTIMATES:  $\hat{c}^0 = 1.0$ ,  $\hat{b}^0 = 1.0$ 

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
.498313	-.091784	-.006609	.000081	-.000001	0.	0.
-5.59567	.497557	-.089023	-.013029	.000173	.000013	-.000001
.501686	.59347	.600079	.599999	.600000	.600000	.600000
10.39567	9.898120	9.987143	10.000172	10.00004	10.000027	10.000028
21.97333	8.17993	.682987	.099759	.0973442	.097336	.0973336

Convergence attained at step 7 given by  $\sum_i |\Delta c_i| \leq .00001$ Actual test case values  $c = 0.6$ ,  $b = 10.0$ Final residual  $R = .0973339$



TABLE 1-B

CURVE FIT FOR  $c, \beta, \alpha_1, \alpha_2$ INITIAL ESTIMATES:  $c = .5, \beta = .8, \alpha_1 = 1.5, \alpha_2 = .3$ 

ITERATION: STEP	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CORRECTIONS								
$\Delta c$	.431388	-.109547	.065436	.013314	-.000430	-.000159	-.000003	0.
$\Delta \beta$	-1.207020	-1.276570	1.134080	-.695554	.034183	.010550	.000308	.000012
$\Delta \alpha_1$	.722685	-.244213	.008445	.011892	.001217	-.000029	.000002	0.
$\Delta \alpha_2$	-.062313	-.057175	.142239	.024320	.002797	.000108	.000024	0.
NEW ESTIMATES								
$c$	.568612	.678159	.612722	.599408	.599838	.5999997	.600000	.600000
$\beta$	9.207020	10.483590	9.349510	10.045064	10.010880	10.000330	10.000022	10.000010
$\alpha_1$	.777315	1.021528	1.013082	1.001191	.9999973	1.000002	1.000000	1.000000
$\alpha_2$	.362313	.419488	.277249	.252929	.250132	.250024	.250001	.250001
ABSOLUTE ERROR								
$\sum   \Delta c_i  $	33.272	49.050	3.870	.954	.226	.0992	.0974	.0973

Convergence attained at step 8 given by  $\sum | \Delta c_i | \leq .0001$ Actual test case values  $c = .6, \beta = 10., \alpha_1 = 1., \alpha_2 = .25$ 

Final residual R = .09738

will be assumed to be the only independent variable of the model. Although there are many input parameters to TRAJ, only the aerodynamic coefficients of the drag curve will be considered as influences on the missile's trajectory.

A test case was generated by using a known drag curve as input and putting the  $x(t)$ ,  $y(t)$ ,  $z(t)$  output on data cards. The input drag curve was constructed to give the characteristic shape and values of an actual drag curve, although most drag curves are provided in the form of a table. Nevertheless one could "piecewise" fit for a drag function if no single expression can be used. Hence the drag curve used is

$$C_D = (a_1 + a_2 x + a_3(m + .8)^5) \exp\left(-\frac{(m+1)^4}{10}\right)$$

where initially values for  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ , and  $a_3$  are .25, .5, and .75, respectively. Results of the iteration process are given in Table II. The first approximations were specified and the original values of the parameters were obtained, to a certain degree of accuracy.

#### SUMMARY

This report describes a method of curve fitting for a broad class of functions not representable by simple terms in a closed-form expression. These functions can assume the identity of complex sequences of operations in a digital computer program and yet have suitable properties for curve fitting. This technique will afford considerably more flexibility to the engineer or scientist who wishes to curve fit a function to field data without overly simplifying the function to be used. The investigator can now build a complex, sophisticated mathematical model of a physical process, solve the equations numerically on a digital computer and use field data and the method described here to find unknown parameters of the physical system.

TABLE 11

CURVE FIT FOR  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$ INITIAL ESTIMATES:  $\alpha_1 = .2, \alpha_2 = .55, \alpha_3 = .8$ 

	2	4	6	8	10	15	19	23
$\alpha_1$	.0342764	.0063724	.0060191	-.0029464	.0022839	-.0006035	-.0012429	.0001487
$\alpha_2$	-.0311154	-.0443053	-.0305403	.0077066	.0011545	.0014603	.0029398	-.0004515
$\alpha_3$	.0112735	.0060354	.034442	.0002690	.0001981	-.0000121	-.0001244	.0000206
$\alpha_1$	.0342764	.0063724	.0060191	.2523615	.494026	.2494799	.2494665	.2490224
$\alpha_2$	-.0311154	-.0443053	.4729545	.4707785	.4900195	.4966760	.4980020	.4985062
$\alpha_3$	.0112735	.0060354	.7560005	.7541694	.7521936	.7509240	.7506302	.7505487
$\alpha_1$	.0342764	.0063724	.0060191	.0063724	.0063724	.0063724	.0063724	.0063724
$\alpha_2$	-.0311154	-.0443053	.0077066	.0077066	.0077066	.0077066	.0077066	.0077066
$\alpha_3$	.0112735	.0060354	.0002690	.0002690	.0002690	.0002690	.0002690	.0002690

$\alpha_1 = .0342764$   
 $\alpha_2 = -.0311154$   
 $\alpha_3 = .0112735$

$\alpha_1 = .0342764$   
 $\alpha_2 = -.0311154$   
 $\alpha_3 = .0112735$

$\alpha_1 = .0342764$   
 $\alpha_2 = -.0311154$   
 $\alpha_3 = .0112735$

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# APPENDIX A

Suppose data have been observed in which there exists more than one dependent variable for a common independent variable. Then the data will be of the form  $(x_i, \hat{Y}_i)$  where  $\hat{Y}_i$  is a vector of L components. Let  $\hat{F}(x_i; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_M)$  be a vector-valued function of L components which is to approximate the  $\hat{Y}_i$  in a least-squares sense. The problem is to find the best set of  $a_j$ 's,  $j = 1, 2, \dots, M$  such that

$$\sum_{i=1}^N (\hat{F}_i - \hat{Y}_i) \cdot (\hat{F}_i - \hat{Y}_i)$$

is a minimum, where the dot ( $\cdot$ ) represents the scalar product of two vectors. Let the vector of differences  $\hat{V}_i$  be

$$(A1) \quad \hat{V}_i = \hat{F}_i - \hat{Y}_i.$$

Setting  $a_j = a_j^0 + \Delta a_j$  and expanding (A1) in Taylor series

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{V}_i &= \hat{F}(x_i; a_1^0, a_2^0, \dots, a_M^0) + \Delta a_1 \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_1^0} + \Delta a_2 \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_2^0} + \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta a_M \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_M^0} + (\text{higher order terms}) - \hat{Y}_i. \end{aligned}$$

If  $\hat{R}_i = \hat{V}_i - \hat{F}_i^0$  where  $\hat{F}_i^0 = \hat{F}(x_i; a_1^0, a_2^0, \dots, a_M^0)$  then

$$\hat{V}_i = \Delta a_1 \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_1^0} + \Delta a_2 \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_2^0} + \dots + \Delta a_M \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_M^0} - \hat{R}_i.$$

The condition for  $\sum \hat{V}_i \cdot \hat{V}_i$  to be a minimum is that

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \Delta a_j} \sum \hat{V}_i \cdot \hat{V}_i = 0$$

for  $j = 1, 2, \dots, M$ . The equations to solve then become

$$\sum \frac{\partial \hat{V}_i}{\partial \Delta a_j} \cdot \hat{V}_i = 0, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, M.$$

This gives for each  $j$  the equation

$$\sum_{i=1}^N (\Delta a_1 \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_1} + \Delta a_2 \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_2} + \dots + \Delta a_M \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_M} - \hat{R}_i) \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_j} = 0.$$

Letting

$$A_{j,k} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_j} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_k}$$

and

$$B_j = \sum \hat{R}_i \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{F}_i}{\partial a_j}$$

then the system of equations in matrix form is

$$A3) \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & \dots & A_{1M} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & \dots & A_{2M} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ A_{M1} & A_{M2} & \dots & A_{MM} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \Delta a_1 \\ \Delta a_2 \\ \vdots \\ \Delta a_M \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_M \end{pmatrix}$$

the solution of which is identical to the solution given in the text.

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